

Attachment B  
Maungakiekie-Tāmaki Local Board specific issues

Issue	Current approach	Proposed approach relevant to local board area	Rationale
Road corridor weeds	Informal agreement with Auckland Transport to manage weeds on specified roads.	Road corridor enforcement targeted to buffers around site-led programmes to maximise effectiveness.	Management of road corridor weeds in buffer zones around site-led programmes will prevent reinvasion of selected pest plants in areas under pest plant management, and improve efficiency and effectiveness of pest management by achieving coordination among agencies and private landowners.
The issue of weeds on council land (and the need to control them more effectively if the public are asked to control their own weeds)	Enforcement of selected widespread pest plants in response to complaints.	Site-led programme for parks with significant ecological areas to manage a suite of up to 30 pest plants to an extent that protects the values of the parkland.	Council to lead by example on own land. Site-focused approach will enable more intensive management of pest plants to better protect priority ecosystems and threatened species.
Feral pigs	Enhanced control of feral pigs in areas of high conservation value.	Site-led programmes for priority parks with significant ecological areas, to manage feral pigs to an extent that protects the values of these places and reduce feral pig-mediated spread of kauri dieback.	Similar management approach to enhance control in significant ecological areas.
Wasps	Provision of advice and information on currently available techniques for wasp control. Facilitating the development of improved wasp control methods that can be used by the public.	Sustained control programme for the whole region. Provision of information and advice on pest animal identification, impacts, control and prevention of spread. Continue facilitating the development of improved wasp control methods that can be used by the public.	Similar management approach to current.
Marine pests	Currently managed as unwanted organisms under the Biosecurity Act and through provisions in the	Development of an inter-regional marine pathway management plan to manage spread of marine pests.	To increase collaboration and consistency between partners that have a statutory responsibility for

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	Unitary Plan.		preventing, reducing or eliminating adverse effects of marine pests that are present within the top of the North Island region.
Freshwater pest fish (such as koi carp)	A suite of freshwater fauna declared pests in the Auckland region or within high conservation water bodies and their catchments.	Continued inclusion of pest status in proposed Regional Pest Management Plan. Increased public awareness around pathway management for freshwater pest fish across the region. Provision of information and advice on pest identification, impacts and control.	Increased public awareness around pathway management for freshwater pest fish across the region to mitigate deliberate and accidental human-mediated spread of pest species between water bodies.
Rats	Control of rodents in areas of high conservation value. Support for community pest control initiatives. Pathway management to prevent incursions on islands.	Site-led programmes for parks with significant ecological areas and the Hauraki Gulf Controlled Area, to manage rodents to an extent that protects the values of these places. Enhanced pathway management to protect islands. Sustained control programme for the remainder of the region focusing on support for community pest control initiatives.	Similar to current management approach but with enhanced investment in pathway management and control in significant ecological areas.
A desire for more education around pests	Provision of information and advice on pest identification, impacts and control, and communications around pathway management for a suite of species.	Provision of information and advice on pest identification, impacts and control, and increased communications around pathway management for a suite of species.	To encourage community, landowner and householder action and behaviour change to control pests, create natural habitats and prevent environmental degradation.
The importance of community pest control	Provision of advice and support to community groups undertaking pest control, with priority given to activity in or around biodiversity focus areas and taking advantage of defendable landscape features such as islands and peninsulas.	Provision of advice and support to community groups undertaking pest control, with priority given to activity in or around biodiversity focus areas and taking advantage of defendable landscape features such as islands and peninsulas. The plan will support the Pest Free Auckland initiative, which focuses on community empowerment.	To amplify, recognise and support community activity around biodiversity focus areas and provide community empowerment, upskilling and networking opportunities through the Pest Free Auckland initiative.

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Impact of pests on human health	A suite of species with human health impacts declared pests in the Auckland region. Provision of education and advice regarding health and safety precautions when in contact with such pests.	Human health and wellbeing implications included in cost benefit analysis for each pest species to inform inclusion in plan. Continue to provide education and advice regarding health and safety precautions when in contact with such pests. Propose Exclusion programme to keep giant hogweed out of the Auckland region to prevent serious health impacts which can arise from contact with this species.	To prevent adverse effects on human health and well-being.