

Attachment C – Proposed Whenuapai Plan Change: Text Changes to the Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative in Part)

Addition to Schedule 14.1 Table 1 Places

ID	Place Name and/or Description	Verified Location	Verified Legal Description	Category	Primary Feature	Heritage Values	Extent of Place	Exclusions	Additional Rules for Archaeological Sites or Features	Place of Maori Interest or Significance
02784	Whenuapai heavy anti-aircraft battery	4 Spedding Road, 92 Trig Road, Whenuapai	Lot 17 DP 62344; Lot 16 DP62344	B	Gun emplacements and command post	A,H	Refer to planning maps			

Deletion of existing schedule entries from 14.1 Table 1 Places

ID	Place Name and/or Description	Verified Location	Verified Legal Description	Category	Primary Feature	Heritage Values	Extent of Place	Exclusions	Additional Rules for Archaeological Sites or Features	Place of Maori Interest or Significance
00135	Worker's Dwelling	9 Clarks Lane, Hobsonville	LOT 1 DP 411784	B		A,F	Refer to planning maps	Interior of building(s)		
00246	Worker's Residence	5 Clarks Lane, Hobsonville		B		A,F	Refer to planning maps	Interior of building(s)		
00247	Worker's Residence	4 Clarks Lane, Hobsonville		B		A,F	Refer to planning maps	Interior of building(s)		
00248	Worker's Residence	6 Clarks Lane, Hobsonville		B		A,F	Refer to planning maps	Interior of building(s)		
00249	Worker's Residence	10 Clarks Lane, Hobsonville		B		A,B,F,H	Refer to planning maps	Interior of building(s)		

Addition to Schedule 14.1 Schedule of Historic Heritage – Table 2 Areas

ID	Area Name and/or Description	Verified Location	Known Heritage Values	Extent of Place	Exclusions	Additional Rules for Archaeological Sites or Features	Place of Maori Interest or Significance	Contributing Sites/ Features	Non-contributing Sites/ Features
02783	Clarks Lane Historic Heritage Area	Clarks Lane, Hobsonville	A.F.H	Refer to planning maps	Interiors of all buildings contained within the extent of place unless otherwise identified in another scheduled historic heritage place			Refer to Schedule 14.2.13	Stand-alone accessory buildings or garages built after 1940; former church 7 Clarks Lane (Lot 5 DP 41781)

Addition to Schedule 14.2

14.2.13 Clarks Lane Historic Heritage Area

Statement of significance

The dwellings at 3 to 10 Clarks Lane are located in Hobsonville, an area to the north-west of the Auckland Central Business District. Clarks Lane is situated on the north-western edge of the suburb, close to the adjacent district of Whenuapai and the Waiarohia Inlet. Clarks Lane runs in a north-south orientation and prior to 2008 had access southwards via Ockleston Road to connect with Hobsonville Road. Following the construction of State Highway 18 the lane became a cul-de-sac. The lane is narrow, with road markings only to denote the edge of the carriageway; it has a wide road reserve and no footpath, all of which contribute to its rural amenity and aesthetic. These physical attributes of the road are important to the understanding of its history as a rural lane servicing a small grouping of residences. The position of the cottages on either side of the road creates a balance of housing through the lane. The carriageway, road reserve and building positions are therefore contributing features of the Clarks Lane Historic Heritage Area and are important aspects of the Historic Heritage Area's context.

The group of workers' residences on Clarks Lane have considerable historical value as they reflect an important aspect of local and regional history, the private construction of accommodation for pottery and brickworks industry employees. The remaining cottages and foreman's villa represent some of the first privately established workers' accommodation still extant in the region. The cottages are also some of the earliest remaining examples of their type in the locality, representing an early period of development in the area. The Clarks Lane Historic Heritage Area has further significance for its association with the Clark family, specifically R.O. Clark II, R.O. Clark III and his brother, T.E. Clark. The Clark family were some of the first European settlers to the area and made a significant contribution to the history of the locality. The Clarks donated land for the erection of a number of community buildings including the first church and school in Hobsonville.

The dwellings play an important role in defining the distinctiveness of the Hobsonville community by representing the area's early history and as a legacy of the Clark family. The Historic Heritage Area is an important grouping of buildings that demonstrates a way of life that is now less common by representing the locality's reliance upon local employment and effort of a local company to provide affordable and convenient housing. As a group of dwellings of a similar design and style, they have considerable value as a remnant of the early settlement period and architectural development of Hobsonville. The type and style of the Clarks Lane cottages and villa are a good representative example of the pattern of development, street layout, building height, massing and scale that is demonstrative of purpose-built workers' housing. Based on those physical attributes visible from the public realm, the dwellings have considerable value for their existing physical qualities and as representative examples of their type and period within the locality.

The cottages and villa all exemplify a past aesthetic taste that is distinctive in the Hobsonville locality. The Clarks Lane dwellings have moderate aesthetic value for the widespread emotional response they evoke as a group for their picturesque qualities. Further aesthetic appeal is derived from the relationship of the places to their setting, which reinforces the quality of both.

The former Brighams Creek church at 7 Clarks Lane (relocated to the lane in circa 2009) does not detract from the overall aesthetic of the lane. It is attributable to a similar architectural and historical period as the cottages, and the original portion is an example of an attractive, modest structure evocative of the small late nineteenth/early twentieth century church buildings that express the vernacular style of New Zealand's ecclesiastical architecture. The former church has a limited contribution to, and association with, the values for which the Historic Heritage Area is significant. For this reason, it is identified as a non-contributor within the Historic Heritage Area and will remain individually scheduled.

The dwellings have considerable contextual value as a group of workers' residences along Clarks Lane, that when taken together, have coherence due to their history, age, street-fronting orientation and scale; forming part of the historical and cultural complex of the locality. The cottages at 3, 4, 5, 6 and 10 Clarks Lane are characterised by their compact size and single storey height. From a social lens, this is reflective of their original use as accommodation for workers. The roof form of the cottages at 3, 4, 5, 6 and 10 Clarks Lane is an asymmetrical side-gable with a subservient, lower pitched lean-to at the rear. The foreman's villa at 9 Clarks Lane is the largest of the workers' residences and is an example of the common villa typology prevalent at the beginning of the twentieth century. The villa's setback, size, square plan, hipped roof and central gutter differentiate it from the other workers' cottages. The larger size and distinct form of the villa reflects the higher professional standing of the pottery foreman.

The dwellings originally had corbelled brick chimneys, and open verandahs along the front (street-facing) elevation. Several dwellings retain either, or both of these attributes that are important physical and aesthetic features. The front elevations are also characterised by a central entrance door, framed on either side by four-pane sash windows. Paint-finished timber cladding and fenestration, and iron or steel roofing are key material characteristics that illustrate the traditional qualities of the dwellings. Some dwellings have replaced the original timber fenestration with aluminium joinery.

The immediate setting of the dwellings is an important aspect to the understanding of their context, demonstrated by the layout and amenity of the lane. The sites have large open sections with little front boundary fencing (i.e.: no more than 1.2 metres in height and visually permeable) and consistent (approximately 10 metres) setbacks which are intact key features of their rural setting. These are tangible reminders of the coherence of the workers' housing legibility.

Map 14.2.13.1: Clarks Lane Historic Heritage Area



Addition to Appendix 17

I616 Whenuapai 3 Precinct

Whenuapai 3 Precinct Stormwater Management Plan (2017)